## Whole School History Curriculum

| Aims | EYFS | Year I | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 | Year 5 | Year 6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Knowledge $0_{f}$ British History | All about meHow I have changed since I was baby? <br> SeasonalityWhy do I wear different clothes throughout the year? <br> Celebrations- <br> What are our favourite celebrations each year? | Schooling <br> throughout <br> the ages from Victorian Age to Grandparents and ParentsChanges within living memory <br> The Great Fire of LondonEvents beyond living memory | The <br> Gunpowder <br> Plot- Events beyond living memory <br> Mary Mcarthur- <br> A local significant individual from the past <br> Canals and the Industrial Revolution- A significant local event from the past | Neolithic hunter gathers to Iron Age FarmersChanges in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age <br> Christian conversion under the Anglo-Saxons- Britain's settlement by AngloSaxons and Scots | Halesowen then and Now-Heritage- <br> Local History Study <br> Anglo-Saxon and Viking struggle for Britain until 1066the Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England to Edward the Confessor <br> The Battle of Britain- a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' |  |  |

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|  |  |  |  |  | knowledge beyond 1066 |  |  |
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| Knowledge of World History |  | The Life of Christopher Columbus and Neil ArmstrongSignificant individuals from the past |  | Romanisation of Britainthe Roman Empire and its impact on Britain |  | The Achievements of the Earliest <br> Civilisations- The River Nile and Ancient Egypt <br> Mayan Civilisation- <br> Contrasting with <br> British History at the time <br> Early Islamic <br> Civilisation - <br> Contrasting with <br> British History at the time | Ancient Greeks- <br> Achievements and Influence <br> The Achievements of the Earliest <br> Civilisations- Shang Dynasty <br> The movement of people through time to the island of Britain. |
| Historical Terms/Vocabulary | Then, Now, Next, Before, After, Soon, similar, different, old, older, oldest, new, modern, artefact, yesterday, last | Century, Before, After old, new, earliest, latest, past, present, guture, century, new, newest, old, | monarch parliament, political, church, King, power, catholic, government protestant, rights, suffrage, protest, | Palaedithic, Mesolithic, Neolithic, hunter-gather, farmer, Stone Age, Bronze Age, Iron Age, bronze, iron, agriculture, pottery, tools, wheat, barley. | Sutton Hoo, Viking Kingdom, conquest. Dane, heathen, helmet, invader, pillage, plunder, raiders, settlement, slave, penullimate, | North Agrica, Egypt, <br> River, Nile, farming, ancient, civilisation, afterlife, archaeologists hieroglyphic, glyph, pyramid, tomb. Pharaoh, ruler, scroll, | Acropolis, Agora, <br> Archaic, assembly. <br> Athens, Greece, <br> archaeologists <br> Mediterranean Sea, <br> Classical Period, <br> philosophy, <br> democracy, Olympics, |

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|  |  |  |  | conversion, saint, Viking |  | civilisation, city, monarch, empire, trade route, (King)mosque, archaeologists culture, learning. library, Silk Road, Marco Polo, philosophy, Comparison here to Vikings/Anglo Saxon Rule of Britain. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chronology | Begin to use historical based language associated with the passage of time. <br> Develop a sense of uniqueness and $\sigma_{f}$ belonging to a community | Begin to <br> sequence events or objects in a chronological order | Place events and objects in order on a time line Sequence events in their own lives | Place the time studied on a time line <br> Sequence events or objects <br> Use dates related to the passing of time | Place events from period studied on a time line <br> Use terms related to the period and begin to date events <br> Know and sequence key events of time studied | Place current study on <br> a timeline in relation <br> to other studies <br> Know and sequence key events of time studied <br> Use relevant terms and periods labels <br> Relate current studies to previous studies | Place current study on a timeline in relation to other studies <br> Know and sequence key events of time studied <br> Use relevant terms and periods labels <br> Relate current studies to previous studies |

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|  | Historical narrative and sequence and a sense of chronology and duration |  |  |  | Understand more complex terms e.g. BCE/AD | Make comparisons between different times in history | Make comparisons between different times in history |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Interpretations of Historical Concepts | Develop a sense of historical enquiry <br> Compare and contrast characters including figures from the past <br> Identify similarities, differences and variety through stories and images | Begin to draw simple conclusions from stories and information about the past, from pictures studied and from video footage <br> Recognise how their life is different form the lives of people from the past <br> Compare and contrast everyday | Recognise differences between sources and make simple deductions based on what they find out <br> Recognise how their lives are different from the lives of people from the pastcontinuity and change <br> Compare and contrast everyday objects and | Identify different ways in which the past is represented <br> Make conclusions based on their knowledge and understanding of an event, an object, a picture or a firsthand experience <br> Recognise how cause and consequence are linked as a result of an event | Draw conclusions, based on their knowledge and understanding of an event or historical person and be able to state their personal opinions giving clear reasons and evidence <br> Show an understanding that aspects of the past have been represented in different ways | Show an understanding that aspects of the past have been represented and interpreted in different ways <br> Distinguish between historical facts and opinions <br> Draw conclusions, based on their knowledge and understanding of an event or historical person and be able to state their personal | Show an understanding that aspects of the past have been represented and interpreted in different ways <br> Distinguish between historical facts and opinions <br> Draw conclusions, based on their knowledge and understanding of an event or historical person and be able to state their personal |

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|  |  | objects and events with those of the past <br> Understand why important people and events are remembered <br> Explain why something happened based on an analysis of information studied | events with those of the past <br> Understand why important people and events are remembered <br> Explain why something happened based on an analysis of information studied | Develop their own ideas for causes and effects when studying historical events | Give reasons and develop own ideas for causes and effects when studying historical events and see how causes might be linked <br> Develop own ideas for causes and effects when studying historical events and see how causes might be linked | opinions giving clear reasons and evidence Identify bias in evidence | opinions giving clear reasons and evidence Identify bias in evidence <br> Discuss how events may have been averted and the possible outcomes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Historical Enquiry | An introduction to handling artefacts and the use of these as evidence | Begin to raise questions they want answered <br> Begin to sort primary and secondary resources, recognise how | Be able to raise questions that they want answered <br> Observe or handle primary and secondary resources and | Begin to devise a clear set of questions that will enable children to select and use appropriate information sources <br> Use a range of primary and | Devise a clear set of questions that will enable them to select and use appropriate information sources | Raise a range of higher order questions that will help them to select and use appropriate information sources <br> Begin to select and combine information | Raise a range of higher order questions that will help them to select and use appropriate information sources <br> Begin to select and combine information |

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|  |  | they are different and make simple observations <br> Sort objects into now and then | make simple inferences and deductions to answer questions about the past on the basis of simple observations made | secondary sources to answer questions about the past that involve analysis and deductions | Use a range of primary and secondary sources to answer questions about the past that involve analysis and deductions | from different sources to answer questions raised <br> Use information to as evidence to test a hypothesis | from different sources to answer questions raised <br> Use information to as evidence to test a hypothesis <br> Compare and contrast ancient civilisations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Organisation and <br> Communication | Comment on images of familiar situations in the past <br> Begin to build a simple timeline | $O_{f f e r}$ a viewpoint about the past in relation to the 'Big Question' <br> Recount episodes from the past <br> Present their ideas in different formatsdrawings, labelling Use timelines were appropriate | Use terms concerned with the passing of time <br> Record findings in a variety of simple waysdrawings, written recounts, diary entries, mapping, annotated images <br> Answer simple 'what if' questions | Use specialist historical terms <br> Express a viewpoint of/as a character form the past, expressing feelings and motives for action <br> Record their findings in a variety of ways in more detail <br> Answer simple what if' questions to explore possibilities | Use specialist historical terms <br> Record their findings in a variety of ways in more detail <br> Produce more structured pieces of writing, which demonstrate knowledge of events/facts, opinions, backed up with reasons | Represent findings in <br> a variety of ways, selecting the most appropriate way of recording information/findings <br> Produce more structured pieces of writing, which demonstrate knowledge of events/facts, opinions, backed up with reasons and evidence and conclusions drawn | Represent findings in <br> a variety of ways, selecting the most appropriate way of recording information/findings <br> Produce more structured pieces of writing, which demonstrate knowledge of events/facts, opinions, backed up with reasons and evidence and conclusions drawn |

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